

Political Affairs Digest

A daily summary of political events affecting the Jewish Community
Scottish Council of Jewish Communities
SCoJeC

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House of Commons Oral Answer

Topical Questions: Justice

T8. **Matthew Offord (Conservative):** Islamic and Jewish religious traditions insist that bodies be buried as soon as possible after death, so does the Minister agree with me that it is reprehensible for the north London coroner, Mary Hassell, independently to insist on a policy in which “no death will be prioritised in any way over any other because of the religion of the deceased or family”? [903481]

Phillip Lee: ... I am aware of the situation, having met representatives of the Board of Deputies of British Jews and Muslim burial representatives in October 2016. Coroners are independent of the Government, but I do recognise that there are some sensitivities around this issue and that there have been some difficulties in communication between the coroner and certain parties. That is why I would be very happy to meet my hon. Friend and, indeed, those representatives again in the Department.

<http://hansard.parliament.uk/commons/2018-01-23/debates/D99155F5-016E-4004-BF7A-B368F87287FF/TopicalQuestions#contribution-FC52C09F-EA58-4BB0-A542-F6B74673EA31>

House of Commons Written Answers

Religious Freedom

Jeffrey Donaldson (DUP) [122597] To ask the Secretary of State for Housing, Communities and Local Government, what steps have been taken by the Government in response to the recommendation in paragraph 6.6 of the Council of Europe Resolution 2036 (2015) on combatting and preventing cases of violence, discrimination and intolerance and on carrying out effective investigations in order to avoid any sense of impunity among the perpetrators.

Heather Wheeler: The Government takes all forms of hate crime seriously including hate crime perpetrated against Christians. 'Action against Hate' the UK Government's plan for tackling hate crime specifically mentions anti-Christian Hate Crime and the work we are doing to prevent attacks against all places of worship including churches. We are supporting work through the police online

reporting mechanism True Vision to encourage victims of anti-Christian hate crime to report incidents to the police. We would expect all incidents of hate crime to be investigated effectively and perpetrators brought to justice. We also support a number of projects in schools including the Anne Frank Trust which use Anne's diary to educate young people about all forms of prejudice and intolerance.

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Commons/2018-01-15/122597/>

The Council of Europe Resolution referred to above can be read at

<http://assembly.coe.int/nw/xml/xref/xref-xml2html-en.asp?fileid=21549&lang=en>

Christianity

Jeffrey Donaldson (DUP) [122593] To ask the Secretary of State for Housing, Communities and Local Government, what steps have been taken by the Government in response to the recommendation in paragraph 6.2.4 of the Council of Europe Resolution 2036 (2015) on enabling Christians to fully participate in public life.

Heather Wheeler: Britain has a proud tradition of religious tolerance, within the law. The Government is committed to creating a strong and integrated society in which hatred and prejudice are not tolerated and in which all people are free to express their religious identity and live without fear of harassment and crime.

The Government is committed to ensuring that people are protected against discrimination because of religion or belief, and that they are able to exercise the right to hold and manifest their beliefs in a reasonable manner. We support people's right to conduct their lives in accordance with the Christian faith (as well as other faiths and beliefs) providing this does not unlawfully interfere with the rights of others.

More generally, the Government greatly values the vital role that Christian organisations – and individual Christians - have in our society and the participation they have in national life, inspiring a great number of people to get involved in public service and providing help to those in need, as well as acting as a moral beacon. Our Christian heritage is something that we can all be proud of.

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Commons/2018-01-15/122593/>

The Council of Europe Resolution referred to above can be read at

<http://assembly.coe.int/nw/xml/xref/xref-xml2html-en.asp?fileid=21549&lang=en>

Churches: Crimes of Violence

Jeffrey Donaldson (DUP) [122596] To ask the Secretary of State for Housing, Communities and Local Government, what assessment he has made of the effect on community and inter-faith relations of attacks on churches in the UK including Christ Church on Infirmary Road in Londonderry on 12 September 2017, St John's Church in Keynsham in September 2017, Holy Trinity Church in Back Hamlet in August 2017, St James' Church in Dursley in August 2017, St Mary and St Nicolas Church in August 2017, Airdrie Clarkston Parish Church in August 2017, All Saints Parish Church on Church Street, Gainsborough on 26 July 2017, St Winifred RC Church, Bootle in July 2017, Church of the Venerable Bede in July 2017, St Thomas's Church in Stopsley in July 2017, St Botolph's Church in Skidbrooke in July 2017, Murston Old Church in July 2017, St Editha's Church, in Tamworth in June 2017, Castlemilk Evangelical Church of Christ in April 2017, Wylde Green United Reformed Church in Sutton Coldfield in March 2017, St Faith's Church in Lincoln in March 2017, Blackford Parish Church in February 2017, St. Mary's Church, Pateley Bridge in January 2017; and if he will make a statement.

Heather Wheeler: We condemn in the strongest terms attacks on all faith institutions as we are well aware of the impact this can have on inter-faith relations. The Places of Worship Security Funding Scheme is one of the key

commitments contained within 'Action Against Hate' - the UK Government's plan for tackling hate crime. The Home Office has committed £2.4 million to the scheme over three years. The Government provides funding for security measures to places of worship that have been subject to, or vulnerable to a hate crime attack. The fund has received a number of applications from churches. Applications for 2018/19 will be opening in due course.

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Commons/2018-01-15/122596/>

Information about the Places of Worship Security Funding Scheme, referred to above, can be read at

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/places-of-worship-security-funding-scheme>

“Action Against Hate”, referred to above, can be read at

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/543679/Action_Against_Hate_-_UK_Government_s_Plan_to_Tackle_Hate_Crime_2016.pdf

House of Lords Written Answer

Faith Schools: Admissions

Lord Patten (Conservative) [HL4568] To ask Her Majesty's Government, further to the Written Answer by Lord Agnew of Oulton on 20 December 2017 (HL3949), what evidence they have, if any, of why some Muslim parents send their children to Catholic, or other faith, schools.

Lord Agnew of Oulton: The department does not collect data about the preferences of parents from particular faiths in relation to the choice of school for their children. Catholic schools are often popular with parents and over-subscribed and it is likely that this may result in interest from Muslim parents as well as those from other faiths and no faith.

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Lords/2018-01-09/HL4568/>

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Holocaust

House of Commons Written Answers

National Holocaust Memorial Centre and Learning Service

Edward Leigh (Conservative) [122636] To ask the Secretary of State for Housing, Communities and Local Government, pursuant to the Answer of 22 November 2017 to Question 111729, on what dates Royal Parks expressed its support for locating in Victoria Tower Gardens (a) the Holocaust Memorial and (b) the Learning Centre; and if he will place in the Library copies of the communications from Royal Parks indicating that support.

Heather Wheeler: The Royal Parks first expressed their support for locating the Holocaust Memorial in Victoria Tower Gardens at a meeting on 2 December 2015. The Parks' support for the memorial in Victoria Tower Gardens was repeated in letters dated 15 March 2017, 7 April 2017 and 15 September 2017. Concerns were raised in these letters about the proposed learning centre. These letters have now been placed in the Library of the House.

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Commons/2018-01-15/122636/>

The answer referred to above can be read at

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Commons/2017-11-06/111729/>

The letters referred to above are not yet available online.

National Holocaust Memorial Centre and Learning Service

The following two questions both received the same answer

Edward Leigh (Conservative) [122637] To ask the Secretary of State for Housing, Communities and Local Government, pursuant to the Answer of 12 December 2017 to Question 117268, on National Holocaust Memorial Centre and Learning Service, what conclusions the Government drew on visitor numbers to the proposed Holocaust Memorial and Learning Centre from its comparative assessment of visitor numbers to Holocaust memorials around the world; and if he will place a copy of that comparative assessment in the Library.

Edward Leigh (Conservative) [122639] To ask the Secretary of State for Housing, Communities and Local Government, pursuant to the Answer of 16 September 2017 to Question 106183, concerning the number of visitors to the proposed Holocaust Memorial, if he will place in the Library a copy of the assessment commissioned from Barker Langham.

Heather Wheeler: Assessments of the number of visitors to the proposed Holocaust Memorial and Learning Centre are still being developed as part of the early stages of the design process. Full details will be published as part of the planning application.

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Commons/2018-01-15/122637/>

and

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Commons/2018-01-15/122639/>

The answers referred to above can be read at

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Commons/2017-12-04/117268/>

and

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Commons/2017-10-06/106183/>

National Holocaust Memorial Centre and Learning Service

Edward Leigh (Conservative) [122640] To ask the Secretary of State for Housing, Communities and Local Government, if he will place in the Library, a copy of the letter from Lord Feldman of October 2015 proposing that the Holocaust Memorial be located in Victoria Tower Gardens, and a copy of his Department's response of November 2015.

Heather Wheeler: A copy of the letter of 26 October 2015 from Lord Andrew Feldman to the then Secretary of State for Culture, Media and Sport, the Rt Hon John Whittingdale, proposing that that the Holocaust Memorial be located in Victoria Tower Gardens has been placed in the Library of the House together with the Rt Hon John Whittingdale's reply.

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Commons/2018-01-15/122640/>

The letters referred to above are not yet available online.

Scottish Parliament Time for Reflection

Catherine Bough (Royal High School, Edinburgh): ... Last year we took part in the Holocaust Educational Trust's lessons from Auschwitz project with 200 students from

across Scotland. As part of the project we visited Auschwitz-Birkenau, where 1.1 million Jews were murdered.

I still struggle to put into words my feelings from that visit. We saw children's shoes and a jumble of prosthetic limbs, taken from the most vulnerable upon their arrival at the camp, and the small concrete path alongside the tracks, marking the spot where families were torn apart.

At the end of the day, we gathered at the end of those tracks. Rabbi Garson, who had been with us all day, led a commemorative service, at which he sang a Jewish prayer for the dead. Here was a Jewish Rabbi singing in Hebrew in a place where more than 1 million of his people had been murdered. I felt so empowered by the beauty of his ultimate act of defiance. It felt like a statement to say that there are still Jewish communities in Europe and that we should remember them. Our final action that day was each to light a candle to commemorate those whose lives were lost. It was beautiful.

Ben Petrie (Royal High School, Edinburgh): One of the main things that I took from the visit was the importance of not viewing the perpetrators simply as monsters. What the Nazis did was incomprehensible in many ways, but we must remember that the Holocaust was committed by ordinary people. Failing to acknowledge their humanity is too easy. The perpetrators had the power to choose.

This year's theme for Holocaust memorial day is the power of words. Today I ask everyone to consider what happens when we stand by, not using our words, and when we do not call out anti-Semitism, racism and hatred. I have learned about the Holocaust and what happened when people failed to use their voice. When people stay silent, hate can flourish.

We have had a unique opportunity through the lessons from Auschwitz project and, in turn, we have had our perspective changed forever. As Holocaust survivors become less able to share their testimony, it is the duty of the trust's ambassadors around Scotland to ensure that the Holocaust is remembered and to spread the invaluable lessons that we have learned. If we can encourage people to speak out, perhaps we will see a future where anti-Semitism and prejudice will never again lead to such atrocities.

<http://www.parliament.scot/parliamentarybusiness/report.aspx?r=11320&i=102997&c=2057348#ScotParlOR>

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Israel

House of Commons Written Answers

Israel: Palestinians

Ross Thomson (Conservative) [122757] To ask the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs, what recent representations he has made to the Palestinian Authority on accepting Israeli Prime Minister Netanyahu's invitation to return to direct peace negotiations without preconditions.

Alistair Burt: The UK is committed to making progress towards a two-state solution. We regularly press both the Israelis and Palestinians to engage in direct negotiations that will lead to a safe and secure Israel living alongside a viable and sovereign Palestinian state. The Foreign Secretary and I reiterated our support for a negotiated two-state solution when we met Palestinian Foreign Minister Riyad al-Malki in London on 8 January.

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Commons/2018-01-15/122757/>

Gaza: Health Services

Thelma Walker (Labour) [123166] To ask the Secretary of State for International Development, whether her Department plans to support the maintenance of the operation of medical facilities during an electricity crisis in the Gaza strip.

Alistair Burt: The UK's long term support to the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA) assists UNRWA in their provision of basic services to 1.3 million people in Gaza, including basic healthcare. Additionally the UK is supporting approximately 1 million Gazans by providing clean water, rehabilitating sanitation facilities and promoting hygiene standards to stop the spread of disease through the United Nations Children's Fund.

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Commons/2018-01-16/123166/>

Palestinians: Education

Joan Ryan (Labour) [123568] To ask the Secretary of State for International Development, with reference to the Memorandum of Understanding between the Palestinian Authority and her Department, signed in 2014, what assessment her Department has made of the implications for its policies of the findings and recommendations of the IMPACT-se report on the Palestinian Authority 2017 curriculum, published in October 2017.

Alistair Burt: Officials have met with IMPACT-se staff to discuss their report on the Palestinian Authority (PA) 2017 curriculum. The report made some concerning allegations which we are currently assessing. The UK government is working with the Palestinian Ministry of Education and Higher Education to support a high quality education including through its curriculum. Our partnership with the PA includes a commitment from the Palestinian leadership to adhere to the principle of non-violence and to tackle language and actions that could incite violence or hatred. We continue to urge them to uphold this principle. The UK strongly condemns all forms of violence and deplores incitement.

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Commons/2018-01-18/123568/>

The report referred to above can be read at

http://www.impact-se.org/wp-content/uploads/PA-Curriculum_2017-Grades-5-11.pdf

Jerusalem

Dan Carden (Labour) [123581] To ask the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs, whether UK Government representatives attended the Egyptian Government's Al-Azhar's international conference in Cairo on the issue of Jerusalem.

Alistair Burt: A Foreign and Commonwealth Office official attended a conference hosted by Al-Azhar in Cairo on 17 January 2018, which was focused on the issue of Jerusalem.

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Commons/2018-01-18/123581/>

House of Lords Oral Answers

Palestine: Refugees

Lord Judd (Labour): To ask Her Majesty's Government what additional support they are providing for key services for Palestinian refugees, including schools, health, and emergency food and cash distribution, following the decision by the government of the United States to cut funding to the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East.

The Minister of State, Department for International Development (Lord

Bates): My Lords, we are consistently a major donor to UNRWA, having so far provided around £50 million in 2017-18 based on the agency meeting rigorous performance indicators. We contributed more than expected for this financial year to help to manage UNRWA's funding gap in December. We are working closely with UNRWA and other key donors to do all that we can to maintain essential services for Palestinian refugees.

Lord Judd: My Lords, I thank the Minister for that reply. I am reassured that the Government are working hard on closing the gap, but cuts of \$50 million to \$60 million are bound to have severe impacts on the ongoing work of UNRWA with women, children and, indeed, men. Will we do everything possible to make sure that these cuts do not have to take place? Will we recognise that cuts of that kind, coming so soon after the President's precipitant action on Jerusalem, must inevitably raise anxiety and unrest about the level of commitment to the Palestinian people required of us by the Balfour Declaration?

Lord Bates: As the noble Lord will know from his immense experience in this area, the Government and officials are having meetings with their opposite numbers in the United States, seeking to understand the position in relation to that. As we understand it, a tranche which was due to be paid of about \$65 million was withheld, the basis for which can vary depending on who you talk to. Part of the reason from the US is that it wants to encourage more international donors to step up to the plate to help to fund UNRWA—and, on that point, I think that it has something to say. The largest bilateral donors are Germany with \$76 million, Sweden with \$61 million and the United Kingdom with \$60 million, while the United States contribution last year was \$364 million. It is a huge contributor to UNRWA and, as well as the international community rightly challenging the importance of the humanitarian assistance from the United States, we should recognise the significant contribution that the United States makes to UNRWA's important work.

Viscount Hailsham (Conservative): My Lords, at his next meeting with the American Secretary of State, will the Foreign Secretary encourage him not to build the American embassy in Jerusalem but rather to renew the funding to the agency referred to in this Question?

Lord Bates: The Prime Minister has already made her position very clear. On 6 December she said: "Our position on the status of Jerusalem is clear and long-standing: it should be determined in a negotiated settlement between the Israelis and the Palestinians, and Jerusalem should ultimately be the shared capital of the Israeli and Palestinian states. In line with relevant Security Council Resolutions". That is why we took almost unprecedented action at the UN Security Council in supporting the Motion, and at the UN General Assembly. We regard the idea as unhelpful to the peace process.

Lord Collins of Highbury (Labour): It is very clear that the reaction of the US authorities is obviously in relation to the UN General Assembly resolution; that was made clear in one tweet that was issued. If the State Department is saying that UNRWA requires reform, would not it be a good idea to engage positively with the State Department and see what kinds of reforms were necessary to ensure continued support for the Palestinian people?

Lord Bates: UNRWA is providing essential healthcare to 3 million people and education to half a million children. We recognise that UNRWA could do some things better; UNRWA recognises that it could do some things better. We took up a mechanism last year whereby we introduced a performance review element into our funding of £50 million. That may be a way forward for others to act—but it is for the United States and other donors to step up and act as they choose.

Baroness Northover (Liberal Democrat): Does the Minister agree that it is likely to be preferable for Palestinian children in Gaza to be taught in UNRWA schools rather than Hamas-led ones? In the light of that, will the Government put pressure on the United

States to encourage it to restore full funding for the UNRWA schools, which I hope the Minister has seen in operation, as I have?

Lord Bates: We have high regard for the work of UNRWA in Gaza; we have a no-contact policy with Hamas. We are supporting the Palestinian Authority as it seeks to re-engage and take responsibility in Gaza. We also work through UNICEF on the ground, providing water and sanitation. I support the noble Baroness's views on UNRWA schools very much. They have been visited and audited by a number of Members of this House and found to be of a very high standard. We want to encourage that.

Baroness Redfern (Conservative): My Lords, last year President Mahmoud Abbas of the Palestinian Authority pledged that he would not stop paying salaries to imprisoned terrorists and their families, even if it cost him his presidency. Does the Minister agree that there cannot be peace until the Palestinian Authority truly renounces violence and stops glorifying terrorism against Israelis?

Lord Bates: The United Kingdom Government support the Palestinian Authority financially, on the basis that it has a policy of saying that it will recognise the State of Israel and accept its responsibility to clamp down on speech designed to incite hatred and division. That is a condition of our funding; there is no question of any funds from the United Kingdom taxpayer going to support terrorists in prison. Our funding goes via a list of teachers and health professionals, carefully vetted by the EU, to enable them to provide care for people in great need in that area.

<http://hansard.parliament.uk/lords/2018-01-23/debates/18A1965B-F1A8-4128-988C-D1DF64A27844/PalestineRefugees>

House of Lords Written Answers

Jerusalem

Baroness Tonge (Npn-affiliated) [HL4573] To ask Her Majesty's Government, further to the Written Answer by Lord Ahmad of Wimbledon on 21 December (HL4170), what action they intend to take to protect the rights of Palestinians in East Jerusalem.

Lord Ahmad of Wimbledon: The Government will continue to make clear our serious concerns about the situation in East Jerusalem to the Israeli authorities and the Municipality of Jerusalem. The UK also supports the rights of Palestinian communities in East Jerusalem facing demolition or eviction through our funding to the Norwegian Refugee Council legal aid programme. This helps residents to challenge decisions in the Israeli legal system. We also remain deeply concerned about restrictions on freedom of movement to and from East Jerusalem. Through our Embassy in Tel Aviv we have lobbied the appropriate authorities on the issue of movement and access and continue to call on Israel to ease restrictions on access.

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Lords/2018-01-09/HL4573/>

The answer referred to above can be read at

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Lords/2017-12-13/HL4170/>

Israel: Palestinians

Baroness Tonge (Non-affiliated) [HL4574] To ask Her Majesty's Government what representations they are making to the government of Israel concerning reports that Israeli and Palestinian children are being treated differently by the Israeli criminal justice system.

Lord Ahmad of Wimbledon: We regularly raise concerns about the treatment of Palestinian minors in detention. In December 2017, our Ambassador to Tel Aviv

raised with the Israeli Justice Minister the issue of Palestinian children in detention. The Minister for the Middle East most recently raised our concerns with the Israeli authorities during his visit to Israel in August 2017.

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Lords/2018-01-09/HL4574/>

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Foreign Affairs

House of Commons Written Answers

Hezbollah: Weapons

Paul Masterton (Conservative) [122613] To ask the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs, what recent reports he has received on Hezbollah's weapons arsenal.

Alistair Burt: We are aware of reports that Hizballah continues to amass an arsenal of weapons in Lebanon. The UK remains concerned about the threat that this poses to regional stability and the direct contravention of UN Security Council Resolutions 1559 and 1701.

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Commons/2018-01-15/122613/>

Iran: Guided Weapons

Paul Scully (Conservative) [122532] To ask the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs, what recent reports he has received of the establishment of Iranian rocket factories in Lebanon under the control of Hezbollah.

Alistair Burt: We are aware of reports that Hizballah continues to amass an arsenal of weapons in Lebanon. The UK remains concerned about the threat that this poses to regional stability and the direct contravention of UN Security Council Resolutions 1559 and 1701. We will also continue to take action with the international community to encourage Iran to play a transparent and constructive role in regional affairs.

<http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Commons/2018-01-15/122532/>

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Relevant Legislation ** new or updated today

UK Parliament

Draft Animal Welfare (Sentencing and Recognition of Sentience) Bill

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/666576/draft-animal-welfare-bill-171212.pdf

**** European Union (Withdrawal) Bill**

<http://services.parliament.uk/bills/2017-19/europeanunionwithdrawal.html>

Scottish Parliament debate on the Legislative Consent Motion Interim Report to the Bill
<http://www.parliament.scot/parliamentarybusiness/report.aspx?r=11320&i=103010&c=2057606#ScotParlOR>

Scottish Parliament Finance and Constitution Committee: European Union (Withdrawal) Bill LCM - Interim Report

<https://sp-bpr-en-prod-cdneq.azureedge.net/published/FCC/2018/1/9/European-Union--Withdrawal--Bill-LCM---Interim-Report/FCCS052018R1.pdf>

Marriage Act 1949 (Amendment) Bill

<http://services.parliament.uk/bills/2017-19/marriageact1949amendment.html>

Organ Donation (Deemed Consent) Bill

<http://services.parliament.uk/bills/2017-19/organdonationdeemedconsent.html>

Scottish Parliament

Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Repeal) (Scotland) Bill

<http://www.parliament.scot/parliamentarybusiness/Bills/105269.aspx>

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Consultations

** new or updated today

**** closes in 7 days**

Draft Animal Welfare (Sentencing and Recognition of Sentience) Bill (closing date 31 January 2018)

<https://consult.defra.gov.uk/animal-health-and-welfare/consultation-on-the-animal-welfare-bill/>

Introducing 'opt-out' consent for organ and tissue donation in England (closing date 6 March 2018)

<https://www.gov.uk/government/consultations/introducing-opt-out-consent-for-organ-and-tissue-donation-in-england>

Promoting Organ Donation and Transplantation in Northern Ireland (closing date 9 March 2018)

<https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/consultations/promoting-organ-donation-and-transplantation-northern-ireland>

Electoral Reform (Scotland) (closing date 12 March 2018)

<http://www.gov.scot/Resource/0052/00529431.pdf>

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